

Configurar la zona horaria en Linux

Dependiendo de la distribución de Linux, la configuración será la siguiente

Debian / Ubuntu

Para configurar la zona horaria en Debian usaremos el comando:

```
dpkg-reconfigure tzdata
```

Aparecerán las siguientes ventanas:

Configuring tzdata

Please select the geographic area in which you live. Subsequent configuration questions will narrow this down by presenting a list of cities, representing the time zones in which they are located.

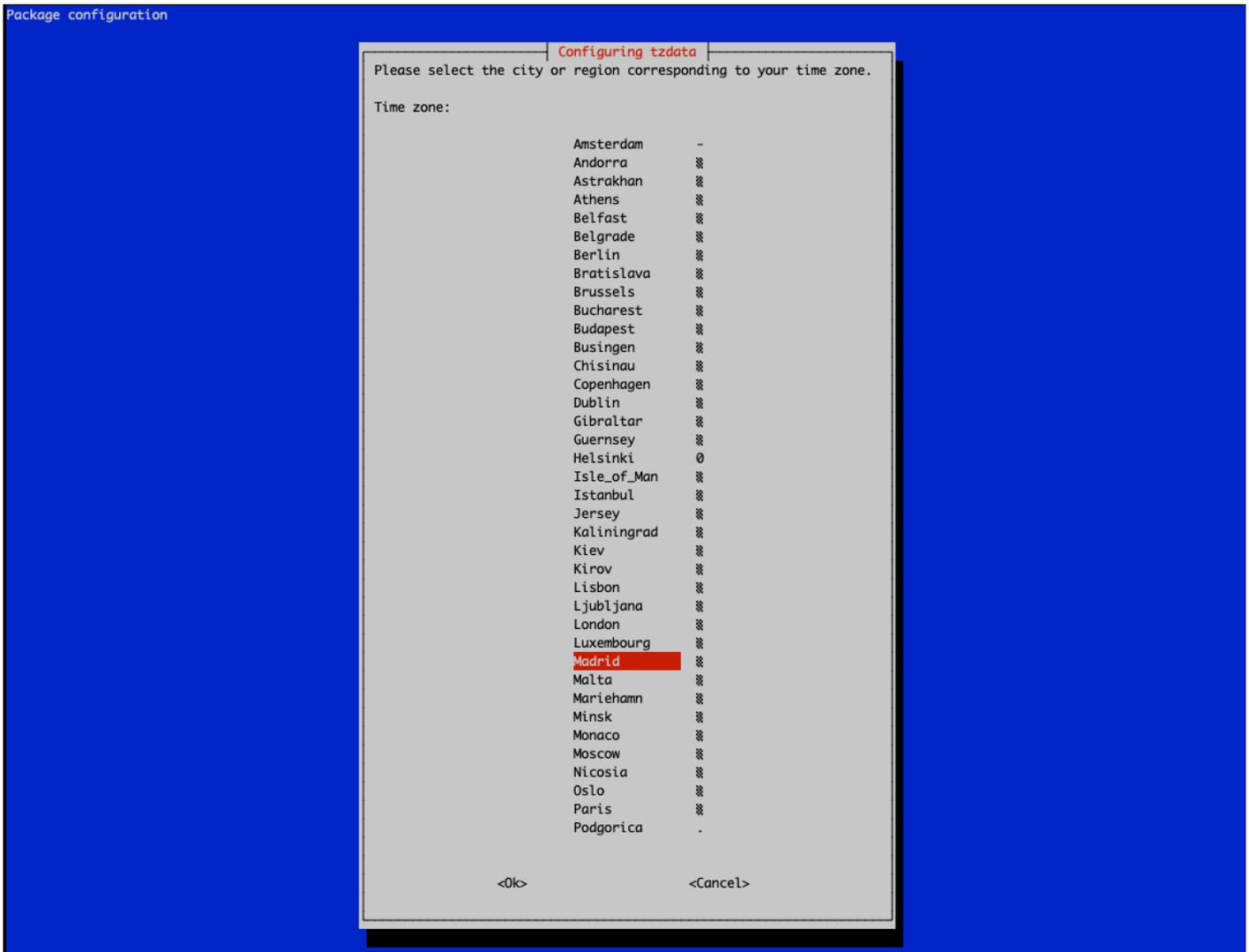
Geographic area:

- Africa
- America
- Antarctica
- Australia
- Arctic Ocean
- Asia
- Atlantic Ocean
- Europe
- Indian Ocean
- Pacific Ocean
- US
- None of the above

<Ok>

<Cancel>

Seleccionamos Europe



Y ya seleccionamos Madrid

Nos aparecerá algo como esto:

```
Current default time zone: 'Europe/Madrid'  
Local time is now:      Tue May 17 20:17:18 CEST 2022.  
Universal Time is now:  Tue May 17 18:17:18 UTC 2022.
```

CentosLa configuración de la zona horaria en Centos se realiza mediante el comando

```
timedatectl set-timezone Europe/Madrid
```

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